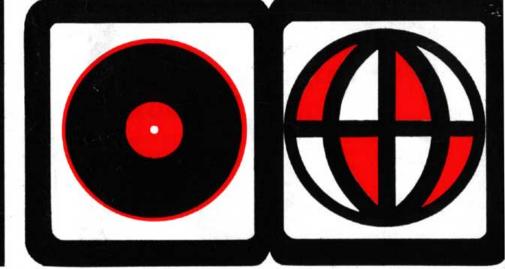
Dedicated To Serving The Needs Of The Music & Record Industry



Rock'N Roll Revival Rock and Roll: The Evolution

Of a Revolution in Music

It all started so quietly that no one really knew that it had begun (years later everyone knew). Even the record companies who made the hits that started it all were unaware that they were starting a trend that would last through two decades. Rock and roll was not anyone's hype; it happened because the kids made it happen; youth led and their elders followed.

Rock & roll did not burst full bloom on the record scene in the mid-1950s; it evolved gradually from Rhythm & Blues, starting back in the late 1940s and early 1950s. This was a period of violent change in pop music. The big bands had disappeared; jazz had started to withdraw into a cult status; Mitch Miller (remembered more now for his sing-alongs) was "revolutionizing" pop with new sounds, new gimmicks and new young talent. Country music was changing, too (at least lyrically), spurred by the genius of Hank Williams.

But it was in the R&B field that the greatest changes were in the making. Until World War II R&B was dominated by the three major firms (RCA Victor-Bluebird, Columbia-Okeh, Decca-Brunswick), a position they gave up during the war due to shortages of shellac for 78 rpm records. Post-war they concentrated mainly on pop and country music. Into this vacuum moved a number of young, aggressive and highly talented individuals who started their own fledgling R&B labels. They included Herman Lubinsky of Savoy-Regent, Art Rupe of Specialty, Lou Chudd of Imperial, Ike and Bess Berman of Apollo. Leo and Eddie Messner of Aladdin, the Braun Brothers of DeLuxe, Herb Abrahmson and Ahmet Ertegun of Atlanticlater joined by Jerry Wexler, Jules and Saul Bahari of RPM-Modern, Don Robey of Duke-Peacock, Syd Nathan of King-Federal and Leonard and Phil Chess of Chess Records.

The Big Beat

These men, many of whom

acted as talent scouts, producers, song writers, arrangers and even engineers on recording sessions (and became salesmen after the product was made), molded the shape of R&B for the future, and in doing so created rock and roll. R&B was an outgrowth of country and urban blues, jazz licks and elements of pop music, with two outstanding, over-riding characteristics: a lot of bass and a big beat. Anyone who failed to hear the bottom or the beat on an R&B record was either deaf or dead, and few youngsters were either.

At the same time that these independent R&B labels were starting a great shift was occurring in geographic patterns among blacks. After World War II there were great migrations on the part of blacks from the rural South to Northern cities like New York and Chicago. This brought many talented young singers and musicians to the very cities where the new R&B labels had established their recording studios. Many of these artists wrote and performed their own material but where they did not their producers often did. Ahmet Ertegun of Atlantic has a score of tunes to his credit as Nugetre (Ertegun spelled backwards), and Leiber and Stoller, one of the key R&B producing teams of the 1950s, have written hits for the Coasters, Elvis, and dozens of other R&B stars.

In the 1920s and '30s and '40s much of what we call Rhythm & Blues today was known as "Race Series" or "Sepia Series" records. In the late 1940s, Billboard's music department (Editor Paul Ackerman and staffers Jerry Wexler and Hal Webman) decided the term "Race" records was distasteful. They polled record manufacturers for a more apt name and came up with Rhythm & Blues.

R&B of the 1950s, however, was not simply the "Race" music of the 1940s. The songs were more sophisticated and the backing was infinitely more varied and more complex, often featuring horns and a horn so-

lo, and always an amplified guitar and bass. Occasionally there was a chorus in the back singing the fills. Now and then there was a wild arrangement featuring an oboe or a cello. From time to time there were duets with a leading female and male R&B star. But always, no matter what, there was that big, big beat.

Growing R&B Audience

By the time the 1950s started there was a considerable group of best-selling R&B artists with substantial followings. They included Louis Jordan, Dinah Washington, Joe Liggins, Roy Milton, the Ravens, the Orioles, Ivory Joe Hunter, Bull Moose Jackson, Wynonie Harris, Lonnie Johnson, Pee Wee Crayton, Memphis Slim, Jimmy Witherspoon, John Lee Hooker, Big Jay McNeeley, Amos Milburn, Charles Brown, Johnny Otis, Little Esther, Lowell Fulson, Fats Domino, Roy Brown, Tiny Broadshaw, Ray Charles, Joe Turner, the Dominoes, the Clovers, Howlin' Wolf, Peppermint Harris, Percy Mayfield, Piano Red, Ruth Brown and B. B. King.

The following that these artists had, with rare exceptions like Louis Jordan and Dinah Washington, was mostly black. Basically records by these artists were made for a black audience and most of their sales were in black markets. Few downtown stores carried R&B

What was true of stores was also true of radio. Few pop stations ever played R&B records. They would play records by black artists (Nat Cole, Billy Eckstine, etc.) as long as the artist sang pop material, but hardly ever if the artist sang R&B tunes. Louis Jordan, with his novelty type songs or novelty hits like "Open The Door, Richard" did get pop play. But little else.

There was one way whites, as well as blacks, could get to hear R&B records. That was through R&B stations which usually broadcast only R&B with occasional spins of pop

records by soul brothers like Nat Cole and Billy Eckstine. It may have been difficult for a white youngster to get to a ghetto area to buy R&B records, but there was no problem in tuning into an R&B station. Every large city had them. They were usually white-owned but the disk jockeys, newsmen and occasionally the program directors were black. Since the station catered to the black market the dee jays could play all of the R&B records they chose.

White youngsters did tune in. Not a lot of them in 1950, but many. More in 1951 and more in 1952. They tuned in for almost the same reason that white kids tuned into independent (non-network) stations in the 1930s to hear music by bands like Duke Ellington. Count Basie, Andy Kirk, Jimmie Lunceford, Benny Goodman, Artie Shaw and the Dorseys. They couldn't hear the big bands on the network stations and swing bands had the guts and the beat that the kids wanted. In the 1950s the white kids wanted the beat of R&B.

They wanted the beat because the pop music scene was very pale. Mitch Miller and his stable of young artists at Columbia Records were creating the most exciting pop sounds around. But to a youngster of 13 it's understandable that "Come On-A-My House" or "I Saw Mommy Kissing Santa Claus" did not have the same impact as "Night Train" or "Good Lovin'." By 1953-54 there was a considerable group of white youngsters throughout the country who dug R&B, who listened to it on R&B stations and who purchased R&B records whenever they could findthem.

The pop music scene was ripe for revolution. All it needed was a leader, someone to pick up the flag, get on his black horse and lead his troops to victory. A leader came out of the West... from Cleveland.

Enter Alan Freed

Alan Freed was a disk jockey at radio station WJW in Cleve-(Continued on next page)

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the early 1950s. He land in played pop records, i.e. Count Basie, Tony Bennett, etc. His show had no particular rating and at that moment in his life Freed was an unlikely choice to lead the R&B revolution. One day he was in a local record shop that carried R&B hits. He was struck by the fact that so many young white kids were buying R&B disks. He decided to use a few of them on his program. The response was strong and Freed increased the dosage. Within a few weeks he made his program all R&B, and his ratings zoomed.

At this point Freed joined with Lew Platt, a veteran show business promoter, who took over Freed's management. With his help Freed began to stage R&B dances, first with records and then using live talent. Even in this day and age the success of these live shows in 1953-54 was absolutely incredible. Freed, using his own radio show to advertise his concerts, drew crowds of youngsters that ranged from 20,000 to 40,000 in various arenas and auditoriums in the Cleveland area. There were usually thousands of kids who couldn't get in and those that did get in found it like a Madison Stones concert at Square Garden-but with dancing. Freed had tapped the R&B roots of the white youngsters and the response was tumultu-

From that point on Freed was at the center of the burgeoning R&B ferment until he was cut down by the payola scandals in 1959. His fame spread far outside the Cleveland area. Record men and radio men started to beat a path

to his and his manager's door. Freed was not the only white disk jockey featuring R&B records at this time. In fact Hunter Hancock in Los Angeles, Clarence Herman (Poppa Stop-pa) in New Orleans, Dewey Phillips on his Red, Hot & Blue show out of Memphis and Gene Nobles in Nashville were playing R&B records before Freed. Many record veterans attribute much of the interest in R&B among white youngsters in the South to the influence of Gene Nobles. His R&B show was carried by Nashville's WLAC, a powerful clear channel, nondirectional station that covered 22 states in the South and Mid-West.

With all this competition, and the competition of many outstanding black jockeys with R&B shows, why did Freed become the leader of the R&B revolution? Because Freed possessed to a truly extraor-dinary degree three qualities that overwhelmed the kids: he was dynamic, he was a showman and he was sincere. When Freed walked out on the stage he created the same kind of electricity as Mickey Mantle or Judy Garland. He was exciting; he had a flair for showmanship that was always right and alhe ways simpatico: would bring out his wife (Jackie or later Inga) at the end of one of his stage shows to let his audience know he never could have done it without her help (which was true). He conceived the idea of beating on a telephone book to accompany the records he played, thus strik-ing another blow for theatricality. And when he told the kids

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Martin plock Record World's Editor-in-Chief Sid Parnes Johnnie Pe

All-Time Rock & Roll Hits

1950

BLUE LIGHT BOOGIE Louis Jordan Decca CRY BABY Johnny Otis Regent

CUPID'S BOOGIE Little Esther

DOUBLE CROSSING BLUES Little Esther

Savoy EVERYBODY'S SOMEBODY'S FOOL Lionel Hampton

Decca EVERYDAY I HAVE THE BLUES

Lowell Fulson Swingtime THE FAT MAN Fats Domino

Imperial
HARD LUCK BLUES Roy Brown DeLuxe

I ALMOST LOST MY MIND Ivory Joe Hunter MGM

I NEED YOU SO Ivory Joe Hunter MGM

i ONLY KNOW Dinah Washington Mercury
I QUIT MY PRETTY MAMA
Ivory Joe Hunter

King INFORMATION BLUES

Roy Milton Specialty LOVE DON'T LOVE NOBODY Roy Brown

DeLuxe MILLION DOLLAR SECRET

Helen Humes Modern

MISTRUSTIN' BLUES Little Esther

Savoy PINK CHAMPAGNE Joe Liggins

Specialty RAG MOP Doc Sausage Regal

THREE TIMES SEVEN EQUALS TWENTY ONE Johnny King

Imperial

WELL, OH WELL Bradshaw Tiny King WHY DO THINGS HAPPEN TO ME Roy Hawkins Modern

1951

BABY LET ME HOLD YOUR HAND

Ray Charles
Swingtime
BAD BAD WHISKEY
Amos Milburn

Aladdin BESAME MUCHO Ray-0-Vacs

Decca BEST WISHES Roy Milton Specialty BLACK NIGHT

Charles Brown Aladdin BLOODSHOT EYES

Wynonie Harris King BLUE SHADOWS

Lowell Fulson Swingtime CASTLE ROCK Johnny Hodges Mercury CHAINS OF LOVE

loe Turner Atlantic

CHICA BOO Lloyd Glenn Swingtime COLD, COLD HEART Dinah Washington

Mercury DO SOMETHING FOR ME The Dominoes

Federal DON'T YOU KNOW I LOVE YOU

The Clovers Atlantic

EVERY NIGHT ABOUT THIS TIME Fats Domino Imperial FOOL, FOOL, FOOL The Clovers

Atlantic HOW MANY MORE YEARS Howlin' Wolf

Chess (Continued on page 32)



The Four Aces.

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that he was playing their music and he would defend it with his life (which in a way he did) they believed. They believed in his and their music and Freed believed in them. He became more than a disk jockey, he became their leader.

The Big Apple

In 1954 Freed was hired by radio station WINS in New York to take over the station's evening hours, seven to 11 p.m. six nights a week. New York was definitely not an R&B town, in fact the ratings belonged mainly to the "good music" stations and the only kind of records New York stations broke were things like "Song from Moulin Rouge." Freed placed a telephone book on the table in the WINS Columbus Circle studios, started beating out the rhythm with his fist, played the tops in R&B releases and in just a few weeks had turned the town upside down, topping all other stations in ratings. Alan Freed fan clubs sprang up throughout the East. He was the new king, the king of R&B. He forced station after station in the area to program R&B records.

Before taking over the WINS slot in New York Freed threw his first concert in the New York area, at the Newark Armory, advertising it on his syndicated show over WNJR in Newark.

The show starred Buddy and Ella Johnson, the Moonglows, the Clovers and many other top R&B acts. The Newark Armory held about 8000 people jammed full. The night of the concert 10,000 kids, both black and white, wedged their way into the arena, while about 15,000

more milled outside. The cops were called out from all over the city and they had to close the Armory doors to keep out youngsters who tried to force their way in. At the concert in special seats near the stage were reps from Atlantic, Apollo, Mercury, Chess, Jubilee, King and other record labels. Not for another decade would any R&B concert in the New York area come close to Freed's Newark bash in size, excitement or enthusiasm.

After Freed had been on the air in New York for about six months he had an inspiration that was to have vast consequences for R&B music. He was casting about for a new name for his show, after losing, in a court action, the right to use the Moondog tag he had always used back in Cleveland. He decided to call his show "The Big Beat" and to call the music he played "Rock and Roll." In spite of objections to the latter he called it just that and in less than two months Rhythm & Blues had become rock and roll among his fans. And rock and roll or rock it has been ever since.

R & B Surge

As the R&B surge continued the major companies tried to re-enter the field. Victor set up Groove Records. Columbia pushed its Okeh line. Decca tried hard on Coral/Brunswick and made an impression. But by 1954 the smaller independents, not so small now, had taken over the R&B scene. Chess, RPM-Modern, Specialty, King-Federal-DeLuxe, Savoy-Regent, Apollo and Atlantic had the

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Bob Austin, Publisher of Record World, and Bill Haley

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I GOT LOADED
Peppermint Harris
King
I WILL WAIT

The Four Buddies Savoy

Savoy I'M IN THE MOOD Johnny Lee Hooker Modern

Modern
I'M WAITING JUST FOR YOU
Lucky Millinder
King

Lowell Fulson, Lloyd Glenn

King LITTLE RED ROOSTER The Groffin Brothers Dot

LOST LOVE
Percy Mayfield
Specialty
OLD TIME SHUFFLE

PLEASE SEND ME SOMEONE TO LOVE Percy Mayfield Specialty

PLEASE SEND M
Percy Mayfield
Specialty
RED'S BOOGIE
Piano Red
RCA Victor
ROCKET #88
Jackie Brenston
Chess

ROCKIN' BLUES Johnny Otis Savoy SEVEN LONG DAYS

Charles Brown Aladdin SIN Four Aces

Decca
SIXTY MINUTE MAN
The Dominoes
Federal
SMOOTH SAILING

SMOOTH SAILING Ella Fitzgerald Decca "T" 99 BLUES

"T" 99 BLUES Jimmy Nelson RPM

TEARDROPS FROM MY EYES Ruth Brown Atlantic

Atlantic
THREE O'CLOCK BLUES
B. B. King

RPM WEEPING AND CRYING The Griffin Brothers Dot 1952

BOOTED
R. Gordon
Chess
CALL OPERATOR 210
Floyd Dixon
Aladdin
CRY

Johnny Ray Columbia DADDY, DADDY Ruth Brown Atlantic

EVERYDAY I HAVE THE BLUES Joe Williams

Checker
FIVE LONG YEARS
Eddie Boyd
Job
5-10-15 HOURS
Ruth Brown
Atlantic
GOIN' HOME
Fats Domino

Imperial
GOT YOU ON MY MIND
John Greer
RCA Victor
HAVE MERCY, BABY

RCA Victor HAVE MERCY, BABY The Dominoes Federal HEAVENLY FATHER

Edna McGriff Jubilee HEY, MISS FANNIE The Clovers

Atlantic I DON'T KNOW Willie Mabon Chess

I PLAYED THE FOOL The Clovers

Atlantic
I'D BE SATISFIED
The Dominoes
Federal

I'LL DROWN IN MY TEARS Sonny Thompson King I'M GONE Shirley and Lee Aladdin

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Front row, from left: Jerry Wexler, Alan Freed, Ahmet Ertegun; second row, Buddy Johnson, Norman Orleck, Ella Johnson, Joe Turner, Mrs. Turner and Jackie Freed. At the St. Nicholas Arena, New York, 1955.

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field locked up. Atlantic had established itself as the hottest and biggest R&B company in the business with a solid lineup of hit makers including Ray Charles, Joe Turner, Ruth Brown, LaVern Baker, the Clovers, the Coasters, Chuck Willis and many more. Chess was the boss of the rural blues scene with artists like Jimmy Reed, John Lee Hooker, Howlin' Wolf, Bo Diddley and Chuck Berry. And all of the other labels had stars of their own, like Apollo with Five Royales, RPM with B. B. King, Imperial with Fats Domino, Specialty with Little Richard, Savoy with Napoleon Brown, Duke with Johnny Ace and King with Little Willie John.

Up to now the R&B hits were

still subterranean; they were not played on pop stations to any real extent and only the hip record shops carried the R&B hits. But some were starting to spill over into the pop field, like "Gee" by the Crows, and the most important of all, "Sh-Boom" by the Chords on Atlantic's Cat label. "Sh-Boom," a wild novelty by a bird-styled R&B group, started to sell like any other hot R&B record when it was released in 1954. And then something happened. As Jerry Wexler put it when he called around the country to distributors and dealers, "The white kids are buying the rec-ord." And well they were. In spite of a "cover" record by the Crew-Cuts on Mercury, "Sh-Boom" by the Chords was a smash hit, selling in the hundreds of thousands and indicating even to skeptics that R&B was the wave of the future.

Not able to quickly take over

the R&B scene with their own records, many of the pop firms adopted a new tactic, covering the R&B hits. They would take one of their strongest white artists or groups, use the same arrangement as the original hit, and then put out a cover version of their own. In the beginning some of the covers outsold the original hits. The Crew Cuts' "Sh-Boom" passed that by the Chords; Georgia Gibbs' versions of "Dance with Me Henry" and "Tweedle Dee" outsold those by Etta James LaVern Baker, respecand tively.

Other memorable covers include Pat Boone's version of Fats Domino's "Ain't It a Shame" and his cover of Little Richard's "Long Tall Sally" and "Tutti Frutti." Peggy Lee covered Little Willie John's "Fever" but Willie John's version nevertheless was a big seller. The young fans soon proved they wanted the original and only the original and son cover versions faded away.

White Rock & Roll

Meanwhile, what was happening on the R&B scene was not lost on white acts, young or old. The young acts dug the R&B scene and they started to emulate the sounds, the style and the rhythm patterns of the best R&B singers and musicians. The older acts, whether they liked R&B or not, realized what was happening and began to incorporate some parts of the R&B style into their material, vocal work or arrangements. Many of the singers, young, old or in-between, pop

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Frankie Lyman and the Teenagers, New York Paramount, 1957

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I'M GONNA PLAY THE HONKY TONKS

Maxie Adams Peacock

JUKE

Little Walter

Checker LOWDY MISS CLAWDY

Lloyd Price

Specialty LET'S CALL IT A DAY

Lula Reed

MIDDLE OF THE NIGHT

The Clovers

Atlantic MY SONG

Johnny Ace

Duke MY STORY

Chuck Willis

Okeh NIGHT TRAIN

Jimmy Forrest United

NO MORE DOGGIN'

Roy Jordan RPM

ONE MINT JULEP

The Clovers

Atlantic

OOH, OOH, OOH Lloyd Price

Specialty

PORT OF RICO Illinois Jacquet

Mercury

ROCK ME ALL NIGHT LONG

The Ravens

Mercury

SAD HOURS

Little Walter

Chess

SWEET SIXTEEN

Joe Turner Atlantic

TELL ME WHY Four Aces

Decca

TING-A-LING The Clovers

Atlantic

YOU KNOW I LOVE YOU B. B. King

Modern

1953

AIN'T IT A SHAME Lloyd Price

Specialty

BABY, DON'T DO IT The Five Royales

Apollo

BLUES WITH A FEELING Little Walter

Checker THE CLOCK

Johnny Ace

Duke

CRAWLIN'

The Clovers

Atlantic

CRYING IN THE CHAPEL

The Orioles

Jubilee

DON'T DECEIVE ME Chuck Willis

DREAM GIRL

Jesse and Marvin Specialty

DRUNK

Joe Libb Specialty GOOD Little Junior

GABBIN' BLUES

Big Maybelle Okeh

GET IT

The Royals

Federal GOIN' TO THE RIVER

Fats Domino

Imperial GOOD LOVIN'

The Clovers

Atlantic

HELP ME, SOMEBODY The Five Royales

Apollo

HONEY HUSH

Joe Turner

Atlantic

HOUND DOG

Willie Mae Thornton

Peacock

I HAD A NOTION

Joe Morris

Herald

I'LL BE TRUE TO YOU

Faye Adams

Herald

I'M MAD Willie Mabon

Chess

LET ME GO HOME WHISKEY

Amos Milburn

Aladdin

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The Platters, 1957

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or country, started singing in a style that could be called either Southern or black, depending on your point of view.

Johnny Ray was one of the earliest white progenitors of the R&B-oriented style. Ray made no secret of the fact that he had gleaned his emotional style from black performers and gave credit to Little Miss Cornshucks for his delivery. His early recordings, like "Cry" and "Walkin' My Baby Back Home," were fine examples of a white artist singing R&B.

The most important white Rock & Roll Combo of the mid-1950s was Bill Haley and the Comets whose great hit "Rock Around the Clock" exploded on the world in 1955. This record, which by now is one of the biggest selling singles in the history of the industry, was a watershed for rock & roll. It was the theme song of the rock & roll generation, their symbol of the musical revolution. Haley and company had many hits after "Rock Around the Clock," like "Shake, Rattle & Roll," "See You Later Alliga-Roll," "See You Later Alliga-tor," "Razzle Dazzle" but it was and is "Rock Around the Clock" that lives on in all rock fans' hearts. It marked the first time that a white act had captured the hearts, the minds and the emotions of R&B fans.

Until Elvis . . . who captured everybody.

Elvis Arrives

The Elvis Presley story has been told so many times that Elvis, Colonel Parker, Sam Phillips and Steve Sholes, Sun Records and RCA Victor are now enshrined on a mountain top like the scene where Moses received the Ten Commandments. Anyone with any interest in rock and roll is aware of Elvis' impact on pop music, aware that he helped chart the course of pop music for over a decade.

But it's hard to forget the incredible excitement that Elvis caused with his first record on RCA Victor, "Heartbreak Hotel," and his weekly TV ap-pearances on "The Dorsey Brothers Show" (The summer replacement for the Jackie Gleason TV show). Not in a generation had any male singer been sighed over, screamed over, freaked over like Elvis. His records were topics of conversation in the business and on the street. Every release was anticipated breathlessly by dealers as well as fans, and his fans encompassed males as well as females.

If Alan Freed led the way toward the acceptance of rock and roll it was Elvis who led the way toward the acceptance and adulation of the rock and roll performer. Elvis made rock and roll respectable to his generation, to rock fans and to young men (in this country and England) who looked forward to becoming rock and roll artists. If a young man from a respectable blue collar family in a conservative Southern city could sing black music the way black singers did and become famous and rich doing it, then any other white lad could do the same. (Listen to some of Presley's early recordings of blues classics and then listen

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Record World's Publisher Bob Austin, the Everly Brotners (second from left and second from right), Archie Bleyer, Record World's Editor-in-

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MERCY, MR. PERCY Varetta Dillard

Savoy NADINE

The Coronets

Chess

ONE SCOTCH, ONE BOURBON, ONE BEER

Amos Milburn

Aladdin

PLEASE DON'T LEAVE ME

Fats Domino

Imperial
PLEASE LOVE ME

B. B. King **RPM**

RED TOP King Pleasure

Prestige SAVING MY LOVE FOR YOU

Johnny Ace Duke

SHAKE A HAND

Faye Adams Herald

SOFT

Tiny Bradshaw

King SOMETHING'S WRONG **Fats Domino**

Imperial

THIRD DEGREE Eddie Boyd

Chess

TOO MUCH LOVIN' The Five Royales

Apollo WILD, WILD YOUNG MAN

WILD, WILD Ruth Brown

Atlantic

WOKE UP THIS MORNING

B. B. King

1954

ANNIE HAD A BABY

The Midnighters

Federal EARTH ANGEL

The Penguins

Dootune

GEE

The Crows Rama 5 Rama

GOODNIGHT, WELL IT'S TIME TO GO

The Spaniels

Vee Jay GOT MY EYES ON YOU (SEE EVERYTHING YOU DC)

The Clovers

DeLuxe

Atlantic

The Charms

HONEY LOVE Clyde McPhatter Atlantic

HURTS ME TO MY HEART

Faye Adams Herald I DIDN'T WANT TO DO IT

The Spiders

Imperial

I DON'T HURT ANYMORE Dinah Washington

Mercury

I'M READY

Muddy Waters

Chess I'M YOUR HOOCHIE COOCHIE MAN

Muddy Waters

Chess JUST MADE LOVE TO ME

Muddy Waters Chess

LITTLE MAMA

The Clovers Atlantic

I OVEY DOVEY The Clovers Atlantic

MAMBO BABY

Ruth Brown Atlantic

RECONSIDER BABY

Lowell Fulson

Checker

SEXY WAYS

The Midnighters Federal

SHAKE, RATTLE AND ROLL

Joe Turner

Atlantic

SH-BOOM (LIFE COULD BE A DREAM) TheChords

Cat

SH-BOOM

Crewcuts

Mercury

SINCERELY

The Moonglows

Chess

SUCH A NIGHT Clyde McPhatter

Atlantic

THINGS THAT I USED TO DO **Guitar Slim**

Specialty

WHAT A DREAM

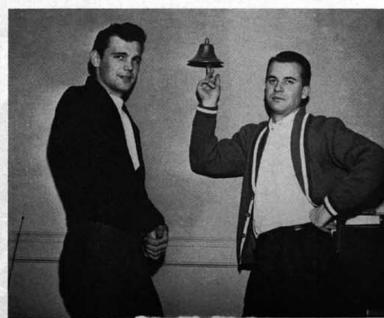
Ruth Brown

Atlantic

WORK WITH ME ANNIE The Midnighters

Federal

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ne Eddy. Dick Clark

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to the original version of the tune and be startled by the closeness of Elvis' version). Perhaps the greatest tribute to Elvis, beside his 48 gold records and his sales of \$100 million and his two dozen hit movies, is the fact that he opened the door for hundreds or even thousands of white rock and roll performers who followed in his footsteps. 15 years later Elvis is still making million sellers while most of his contemporaries (with rare exceptions like Ray Charles, James Brown and B. B. King) have off the faded best-selling charts.

Many of the white singers imitated Elvis vocally and erotically, doing the bumps and grinds that so horrified parents watching Elvis on the Ed Sullivan show. Not since Frank Sinatra made it so big in the 1940s had so many singers tried to emulate the leader. Just as every male singer of the 1940s had a touch of the Sinatra style, so scores of male singers in the 1950s gave their vocals a little touch of the Elvis emotional excitement. Few of these imitators, like few of the Sinatra imitators, made it.

Right behind Elvis and moving on were Ronnie Hawkins, Johnny Cash, Jerry Lee Lewis, Carl Perkins and Charlie Rich, all from the Sun Records stable, and all from the country field. And also the Everly Brothers, Bobby Darin, the Diamonds, Paul Anka, the Crickets, Buddy Holly, Ricky Nelson, Bill Black, Jimmy Rogers, Buddy Knox, Big Bopper, Duane Eddy, Ritchie Valens, Frankie Avalon and Roy Orbison. Rock and roll was now fully integrated.

In spite of Elvis, white singers and groups, country or pop, did not take over rock and roll. In fact, after Elvis happened more black acts than ever came to the fore and even began to obtain bookings on the Ed Sullivan and Perry Como TV shows. Among the outstanding black rock and roll acts whose audiences grew after Elvis were, in general order of ap-pearance, Ray Charles, Fats Domino, the Drifters, Little Domino, the Drifters, Little Willie John, B. B. King, The Clovers, Chuck Willis, Little Richard, James Brown, Ivory Joe Hunter, LaVern Baker, Chuck Berry, Bobby Blue Bland, the Coasters, Sam Cooke, the Platters and Dinah Washington. Many new black artists came to the fore after 1956, including Brook Benton, Jackie Wilson, Jerry Butler, Marv Johnson, Hank Ballard & the Midnighters, The Miracles, Gladys Knight & the Pips, Ike & Tina Turner, Mickey & Sylvia, the Mar-Keys, the Shirelles, the Marvelletes, Chubby Check-er, Dee Clark, Ben E. King, King Curtis, the Isley Brothers, Mary Wells, Barbara Lynn, Little Stevie Wonder, Martha & the Vandellas, the Crystals, the Impressions, Aretha Franklin and the Four Tops.

Rock & Roll Forever

By the beginning of 1957 everything was rock and roll. Alan Freed was running Christmas, Easter and 4th of July shows at the Brooklyn Paramount or New York Paramount theaters. Every show featured both black and white performers, and every show set new records for the theaters in-



From left: Jerry Wexler, Ruth Brown, Clyde McPhatter, LaVerne Baker, Ahmet Ertegun, 1957.

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YOU UPSET ME BABY B. B. King YOUR CASH AIN'T NOTHING BUT TRASH The Clovers

Atlantic YOU'RE SO FINE Little Walter Checker YOU'RE STILL MY BABY Chuck Willis

1955

AIN'T IT A SHAME **Fats Domino** Imperial AIN'T THAT A SHAME Pat Boone Dot ALL BY MYSELF **Fats Domino**

Imperial ALL AROUND THE WORLD Little Willie John

King AT MY FRONT DOOR The Eldorados Vee Jay COME BACK Ray Charles Atlantic

DON'T BE ANGRY Napoleon Brown DON'T START ME TALKIN' Sonny Boy Williamson Checker

THE DOOR IS STILL OPEN

The Cardinals **Imperial**

EVERYDAY I HAVE THE BLUES Count Basie

Clef FEEL SO GOOD Shirley and Lee Aladdin

FLIP FLOP AND FLY Joe Turner

Atlantic FOOL FOR YOU Ray Charles Atlantic HANDS OFF

Jay McShann Vee Jay
HIDE AND SEEK
Joe Turner Atlantic

I CAN SEE EVERYBODY'S BABY

Ruth Brown Atlantic

I HEAR YOU KNOCKIN' Smiley Lewis Imperial I'M A MAN Bo Diddley Checker IT'S LOVE BABY Louis Brooks Excello I'VE GOT A WOMAN Ray Charles Atlantic LING, TING, TONG The Five Keys Capitol

MAYBELLENE Chuck Berry Chess MY BABE Little Walter Checker ONLY YOU The Platters

Mercury PLAY IT FAIR LaVern Baker Atlantic PLEDGING MY LOVE Johnny Ace

Duke POOR ME **Fats Domino** Imperial ROCK AROUND THE CLOCK **Bill Haley & Comets**

Decca SOLDIER BOY The Four Fellows

Glory STEAMBOAT The Drifters Atlantic STORY UNTOLD

The Nutmegs Herald THAT'S ALL I NEED LaVern Baker

Atlantic THIRTY DAYS Chuck Berry Chess TUTTI-FRUTTI

Little Richard Specialty TWEEDLEE DEE LaVern Baker Atlantic

WALLFLOWER (DANCE WITH ME HENRY) Etta James Modern

(Continued on page 40)



The Shirelles

(Continued from page 38)

volved. Freed was also starring in rock and roll pictures, pictures with no plots but with lots of artists lip-synching their records. Almost every movie company had a rock pic in preparation.

Dick Clark was making Philadelphia a haven for record promotion men and artists with his national TV show, "American Bandstand," featuring the latest rock and roll records and the latest dances by the kids. Everybody tuned in to see the teenagers dance, especially the girl teenagers. Many Philadelphia area acts got their first break on the Dick Clark show, including Fabian, Frankie Avalon and Connie Francis.

Bandstand shows sprang up all over the place, with practi-cally every major city with a local show of its own. And record hops burgeoned, with rock and roll deejays running hops on Friday and Saturday nights at the local high school, auditorium or gymnasium. Department stores were playing rock and roll records at teen-age fashion shows. Psychiatrists were describing rock and roll as a "communicable disease" and a sign of adolescent rebellion. "Insecurity and rebellion," said one good Doctor, "impels teenagers to affect 'ducktail' haircuts, wear zootsuits (!) and carry on boisterously at rock and roll affairs." Dr. Francis J. Braceland called rock and roll a "cannibalistic and tribalistic" form of music.

Some of the most astute executives in the record industry predicted that rock and roll would never last. A few even refused to recognize that there was a rock trend. Old-line music publishers objected to the songs, calling them unmelodic and juvenile. Every comic had an "Elvis the Pelvis" takeoff. "You Ain't Nothin' But a Hound Dog" became the comedy routine of the year. But even with all the derision Rock & Roll rolled on, sweeping all before it.

As rock and roll boomed, more and more labels entered this area of the business. From 1955 on the old-line labels were joined by Morris Levy's Roulette label (with hit-makers Buddy Knox, Joe Williams and Jimmy Rogers); Motown Records, Berry Gordy's label, which has turned into one of the country's Top 10 disk firms; Florence Greenberg's Scepter label which has had great success especially with Dionne Warwick; Cameo-Parkway Re-cords, which had scores of hits by Bobby Rydel and others and started the whole dance scene with Chubby Checker's "Twist" recordings: George Goldner's various labels like Gee (the Crows) and Rama, and later Gone and End, and Larry Utal's Madison label, a percursor of his hot Bell Records label of the 1960s.

Payola!

Rock and roll reigned throughout the '50s and moved toward the '60s with plenty of steam. Then the payola investigations broke and many of the country's most popular rock disk jockeys were accused of accepting money to play certain records.

Radio stations, especially the Top 40s, pulled in their horns on rock and roll. They cut

(Continued on page 42)



(Continued from page 38)

WHAT'CHA GONNA DO? The Drifters Atlantic WHEN YOU DANCE The Turbans Herald

WHY DON'T YOU WRITE ME? The Jacks **RPM**

YOU DON'T HAVE TO GO Jimmy Reed Vee Jay

1956

AIN'T GOT NO HOME Clarence Henry Argo

AIN'T THAT LOVIN' YOU, BABY Jimmy Reed Vee Jay BAD LUCK

B. B. King RPM BLUEBERRY HILL Fats Domino

Imperial **BLUE MONDAY** Fats Domino

Imperial **BLUE SUEDE SHOES**

Carl Lee Perkins Sun BO-WEEVIL Fats Domino

Imperial DEVIL OR ANGEL The Clovers

Atlantic DON'T BE CRUEL Elvis Presley RCA Victor

DON'T BLAME IT ON ME Fats Domino Imperial

DROWN IN MY TEARS Ray Charles Atlantic EDDIE, MY LOVE

The Teen Queens RPM FEVER Little Willie John

King FLYING SAUCER Buchanan & Goodman

Universe HALLELUJAH, I LOVE HER SO

Ray Charles

Atlantic

HEARTBREAK HOTEL

Elvis Presley RCA Victor HEY, DOLL BABY The Clovers

Atlantic HONKY TONK (Parts I and II) Bill Doggett

King HOUND DOG Elvis Presley RCA Victor I ALMOST LOST MY MIND

Pat Boone Dot I FEEL GOOD

Shirley and Lee Aladdin I'LL BE HOME Pat Boone

Dot I'M IN LOVE AGAIN Fats Domino

Imperial IT'S TOO LATE Chuck Willis Atlantic

I WANT YOU TO BE MY GIRL

The Teen Agers

WANT YOU, I NEED YOU, I LOVE YOU Elvis Presley RCA VICTOR JUST WALKING IN THE RAIN Johnnie Ray

Columbia LET THE GOOD TIMES ROLL Shirley and Lee

Aladdin LONG TALL SALLY Little Richard

Specialty LOVE ME TENDER Elvis Presley RCA Victor MAGIC TOUCH

Platters Mercury MY PRAYER

Platters Mercury OH, WHAT A NIGHT

The Dels Vee Jay ON MY WORD OF HONOR

B. King B. RPM

PLEASE, PLEASE, PLEASE James Brown

(Continued on page 42)



(Continued from page 40)

READY TEDDY
Litte Richard
Specialty
SEE YOU LATER, ALLIGATOR
Bill Haley & Comets
Decca
SEVEN DAYS
Clyde McPhatter
Atlantic
SINCE I MET YOU, BABY

SINCE I MET YOU, BABY
Ivory Joe Hunter
Atlantic
SLOW WALK

Sil Austin Mercury SO LONG

Fats Domino
Imperial
SPEEDOO
The Cadillacs
Josie

STILL

LaVern Baker Atlantic STRANDED IN THE JUNGLE

The Cadets
Modern
SWEET LITTLE ANGEL

SWEET ETTILE ANGEL B. B. King RPM THE GREAT PRETENDER

Platters Mercury A THOUSAND MILES AWAY The Heartbeats

RAMA
TOO MUCH MONKEY BUSINESS
Chuck Berry

Chess
TREASURE OF LOVE
Clyde McPhatter
Atlantic

WHY DO FOOLS FALL IN LOVE? The Teen Agers Gee

1957

ALL SHOOK UP
Elvis Presley
RCA Victor
BE BOP BABY
Ricky Nelson
Imperial
BONY MARONIE
Larry Williams
Specialty
BYE BYE LOVE
The Everly Brothers

Cadence
C. C. RIDER
Chuck Willis
Atlantic
COME GO WITH ME

The Del Vikings Dot DIANA Paul Anka ABC-Paramount

EMPTY ARMS
Ivory Joe Hunter
Atlantic
FARTHER UP THE ROAD

Bobby Blue Bland
Duke
HAPPY HAPPY BIRTHDAY BABY
The Tune Weavers

Checker HONEYCOMB Jimmie Rodgers Roulette

Rock & Roll Revival

(Continued from page 40)

down on rock records and cut out records they called too wild or too "raunchy." They stopped individual disk jockeys from programming their own records and set up committees to pick the disks. They waited until a rock record happened on local stations before they played it. All of these factors cut down on the rock and roll excitement and led to a generally dull recording scene. In fact, it wasn't until the Beatles broke the record business wide open in 1964 that the old excitement returned.

Looking Back

In 1969 a curious thing happened. The old rock and roll stars of the 1950s were suddenly in demand at concerts and festivals everywhere. Veteran artists who had been playing little clubs in small towns or who had gone into other vocations were summoned to appear at Festivals in the Mid-West, New England, the West Coast. In New York there was a series of rock and roll revivals. Record companies re-issued albums and tapes by rock stars of the 1950s. Even the Fillmores East and West, the

hippest of all the rock palaces

and always in the market for new talent, were booking many of the veteran names of the 1950s.

caused What \mathbf{this} sudden rock and roll revival? Nostalgia? Sentiment? Partly nostal-Partly sentiment. something else, too. In looking back at rock and roll of the 1950s and in listening to the 1950s Oldies But Goodies on everyone has suddenly radio remembered that it was fun. FUN! Compared to some of the cerebral rock of today- or acid rock or head rock or some other complicated and complex form of rock—it was much more enjoyable to listen to Bill Haley "Rock and the Comets do "Rock Around the Clock" or watch Little Richard sing "Long Tall Sally." Primitive, perhaps, but also great to dance to. And if they were appearing at an Alan Freed or a Murray the K show no one cared if anyone shouted or yelled during the performance or if members of the audience got up to dance in the aisles.

Whenever pop music becomes too complicated a simpler form comes along to replace it. That could be what is happening now.

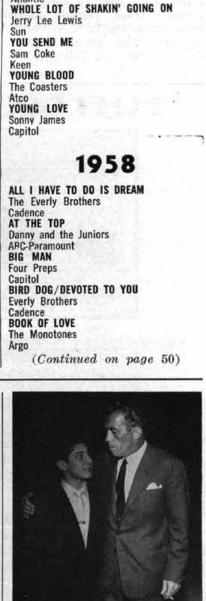
JAILHOUSE ROCK Elvis Presley RCA Victor JENNY, JENNY Little Richard Specialty JIM DANDY LaVern Baker Atlantic JUST BECAUSE Lloyd Price ABC-Paramount -Paramount JUST TO HOLD MY HAND Clyde McPhatter Atlantic KEEP A-KNOCKIN' Little Richard Specialty
LITTLE BITTY PRETTY ONE Thurston Harris Aladdin LITTLE DARLIN' The Diamonds Mercury LOVE IS STRANGE Mickey and Sylvia Groove LUCILLE Little Richard Specialty MARIANNE Easy Riders Columbia MR. LEE The Bobbettes Atlantic MY SPECIAL ANGEL Bobby Helms Decca NEXT TIME YOU SEE ME Little Junior Parker Duke OVER THE MOUNTAIN

I'M WALKIN' Fats Domino

Atlantic



Elvis Presley



Chuck Berry



PARTY DOLL Buddy Knox

Roulette

RAUNCHY

Bill Justis **Philips**

Paul Anka and Ed Sulliyan

(Continued from page 42)

BUZZ, BUZZ, RII77

The Hollywood Flames Fhh

CHANTILLY LACE

Big Bopper

Mercury DO YOU WANT TO DANCE

Bobby Freeman

Josie T'NOO

Elvis Presley RCA Victor DON'T LET GO

Roy Hamilton

ENDLESS SLEEP

Jody Reynolds Liberty FEVER

Peggy Lee Capitol

FOR YOUR LOVE

Ed Townsend

Capitol

GET A JOB
The Silhouettes

Ember GREAT BALLS OF FIRE

Jerry Lee Lewis

Sun I'LL COME RUNNING BACK TO YOU

Sam Cooke

Specialty JENNY-LEE

Jan and Arnie

JOHNNY B. GOODE

Chuck Berry

HARD HEADED WOMAN

Elvis Presley RCA Victor

JUST A DREAM Jimmy Clayton

Ace LITTLE STAR

The Elegants APT

A LOVER'S QUESTION

Clyde McPhatter

Atlantic

MAYBE

The Chantels

End

MY TRUE LOVE Jack Scott

Carlton

OH JULIE The Crescendos

Nasco

PEGGY SUE

Buddy Holly

Coral

POOR LITTLE FOOL

Ricky Nelson

Imperial RAUNCHY

Bill Justis

Philips

REBEL-'ROUSER

Duane Eddy Jamie/Guyder ROCKIN' ROBIN

Bobby Day

Class SHORT SHORTS

The Royal Teens ABC-Paramount SPLASH SPLASH

Bobby Darin

Atco

THE STROLL The Diamonds

Mercury
CWFET LITTLE SIXTEEN

SWEET LITTI Chuck Berry

Chess

TALK TO ME, TALK TO ME Little Willie John

King

TEARS ON MY PILLOW

Little Anthony & Imperials Gone/End

TEQUILLA The Champs

Challenge

TO BE LOVED Jackie Wilson

Brunswick

TO KNOW HIM IS TO LOVE HIM

Teddy Bears Dore

TOPSY II

Cozy Cole

Lone

TWENTY SIX MILES

Four Preps Capitol

TWILIGHT TIME

The Platters

Mercury WEAR MY RING AROUND YOUR NECK

Elvis Presley RCA Victor

WHAT AM I LIVING FOR? Chuck Willis

Atlantic

WILLIE AND THE HAND JIVE Johnny Otis Capitol



Bill Haley and the Comets, Brooklyn Paramount Theater, Mid-150s,

WIN YOUR LOVE FOR ME Sam Cooke RED RIVER ROCK Johnny & The Hurricanes Warwick Keen THE RIGHT TIME YAKETY YAK The Coasters Ray Charles YOU CAN MAKE IT IF YOU TRY Gene Allison Atlantic SEA OF LOVE Phil Phillips Mercury SEVEN LITTLE GIRLS (SITTIN' IN THE BACK SEAT) Paul Evans & Curls Vee Jay 1959 Carlton SINCE I DON'T HAVE YOU A BIG HUNK O'LOVE Elvis Presley RCA Victor Skyliners Calico SIXTEEN CANDLES A FOOL SUCH AS I Elvis Presley RCA Victor The Crests Coed SLEEPWALK TEENAGER IN LOVE Santo & Johnny Canadian-American Dion & Belmonts Lourie SMOKE GETS IN YOUR EYES CHARLIE BROWN **Platters** The Coasters Mercur Atco SMOKIE THE CLOUDS
The Spacemen Bill Black Altor COME INTO MY HEART Lloyd Price ABC-Paramount COME SOFTLY TO ME SO FINE The Fiestas Old Town SO MANY WAYS Fleetwoods **Brook Benton** DANCE WITH ME Mercury SORRY (I RAN ALL THE WAY HOME) The Drifters Atlantic **Impalas** DONNA Cub Ritchie Valens DREAM LOVER STAGGER LEE Lloyd Price Bobby Darin ABC-Paramount TALK THAT TALK Atco EVERYBODY LIKES TO CHA-CHA Jackie Wilson Brunswick Sam Cooke Keen TEEN BEAT **COTTA TRAVEL ON** Sandy Nelson Billy Grammer Monument Original Sound THANK YOU PRETTY BABY Brook Benton I CRIED A TEAR LaVern Baker Mercury Atlantic THAT'S WHY Jackie Wilson WAITED TOO LONG LaVern Baker Brunswick Atlantic THE HAPPY ORGAN Dave "Baby" Cortez I WANT TO WALK YOU HOME Fats Domino Herald **Imperial** I'LL TAKE CARE OF YOU THERE GOES MY BABY Bobby Blue Bland The Drifters Duke Atlantic I'M GONNA GET MARRIED THERE IS SOMETHING ON YOUR MIND Lloyd Price McNeely Big Jay ABC-Paramount
IT'S JUST A MATTER OF TIME Swingin' LONELY TEARDROPS Jackie Wilson **Brook Benton** Mercury KANSAS CITY Wilbert Harrison Brunswick MACK THE KNIFE Bobby Darin Fury Lavender blue Atco MR. BLUE The Fleetwoods Sammy Turner Big Top LONELY BOY Dolton Paul Anka PERSONALITY **ABC-Paramount** Lloyd Price LONELY TEARDROPS Jackie Wilson **ABC-Paramount** PINK SHOELACES Brunswick Dodie Stevens MACK THE Bobby Darin KNIFE Criptalette POISON IVY Atco The Coasters MR. BLUE The Fleetwoods Atco PRIMROSE LANE Dolton Jerry Wallace PERSONALITY Challenge PUT YOUR HEAD ON MY SHOULDER Paul Anka Lloyd Price ABC-Paramount PINK SHOELACES Dodie Stevens **ABC-Paramount** RED RIVER ROCK Cristalette & The Hurricanes Johnny POISON IVY Warwick THE RIGHT TIME The Coasters Atco Ray Charles PRIMROSE LANE Atlantic Jerry Wallace SEA OF LOVE Phil Phillips Challenge PUT YOUR HEAD ON MY SHOULDER Paul Anka Mercury (Continued on page 52) ABC-Paramount

(Continued from page 50)

SEVEN LITTLE GIRLS (SITTIN IN THE BACK SEAT) Paul Evan & Curls Carlton

SINCE I DON'T HAVE YOU

Skyliners

SIXTEEN CANDLES The Crests

Coed TIGER Fabian

Chancellor ('TIL) I KISSED YOU

Everly Brothers Cadence

James Brown Federal

VENUS

Frankie Avalor Chancellor

WHAT A DIFFERENT Dinah Washington DIFFERENCE A DAY MAKES

Mercury What'd I say Ray Charles

Atľantic YOU BETTA KNOW IT

Jackie Wilson Brunswick

YOU GOT WHAT IT TAKES
Mary Johnson United Artists
YOU'RE SO FINE

The Falcons Unart

1960

ALL I COULD DO WAS CRY

Etta James Argo ALLEY-00P

Hollywood Argyles Dante & Evergreens

Madison BABY (YOU'VE GOT WHAT IT TAKES) Dinah Washington, Brook Benton

BECAUSE THEY'RE YOUNG

Duane Eddy Jamie/Guyden BURNING BRIDGES

Jack Scott Carlton

CATTON
CATHY'S CLOWN
The Everly Brothers
Warner Brothers
CHAIN GANG

Sam Cooke RCA Victor

DEVIL OR ANGEL Bobby Vee **Imperial**

FANNIE MAE Buster Brown

FINGER POPPIN'

FINGER POPPIN' TIME Hank Ballard and the Midnighters FOOL IN LOVE lke and Tina Turner

Sue GEORGIA ON MY MIND

Ray Charles ABC-Paramount

GOOD TIMIN Jimmy Jones

HANDY MAN Jimmy Jones HE WILL BREAK YOUR HEART

Jerry Butler Vee Jay I LOVE THE WAY YOU LOVE Mary Johnson United Artists IT'S NOW OR

OR NEVER Elvis Presley RCA Victor IT'S TIME TO CRY

Paul Anka ABC-Paramount <mark>iTSY BITSY TEENIE BIKINI</mark> Brian Hyland

Kapp JUST A LITTLE BIT Roscoe Gordon

Vee Jay KIDDIO Brook Benton

Mercury LET'S GO, LET'S GO, LET'S GO Hank Ballard and the Midnighters

MONFY Barrett Strong Anna

MY DEAREST DARLING Etta James Argo

GIRL JOSEPHINE ΜÝ Fats Domino Imperial NIGHT

Jackie Wilson LONELY

Brunswick
ONLY THE Roy Orbison Monument PUPPY LOVE

Paul Anka ABC-Paramount
A ROCKIN' GOOD WAY Dinah Washington, Brook Benton

Mercur RUNNING BEAR Johnny Preston
Mercury
SAVE THE LAST DANCE FOR ME
The Drifters

Atlantic SHOP # AROUND The Miracles

Tamia STAY Maurice Williams Herald STUCK ON YOU

Elvis Presley RCA Victor SWEET SIXTEEN B. B. King Kent TEEN **ANGEL**

Mark Dinning MGM THIS BITTER EARTH Dinah Washington Mercury THE TWIST Chubby Checker Parkway WALK, DON'T RUN Ventures

Dalton WAY DOWN YONDER IN N.O. Freddie Cannon What in the World's Jack Scott

Carlton WHERE OR WHEN Dion & Belmonts Laurie

Avalon

Frankie

Chancellor

WILD ONE Bobby Rydell Cameo/Parkway WHITE SILVER SANDS Bill Black

A WOMAN, A LOVER, A FRIEND Jackie Wilson Prunswick
YOU GOT WHAT IT TAKES

Mary Johnson You Talk too much Joe Jones Ric Ron

1961

ALL IN MY MIND Maxine Brown Nomar

ANGEL BABY 100 LBS. OF CLAY Rosie & The Originals Gene McDaniels Liberty
ONE MINT JULEP
Ray Charles Decca ARE YOU LONESOME TONIGHT Elvis Presley RCA Victor Impulse BABY, YOU'RE RIGHT James Brown PLEASE, MR. POSTMAN The Marvelettes King BLUE MOON Tamla PONY TIME Marcels Chubby Checker Colpix QUARTÉR TO THREE WALTZ THE BOLL WEEVIL SONG **Brook Benton** U.S. Bonds Mercury Bright Lights, Big City Legrand RAINDROPS Jimmy Reed Dee Clark Vee Jay Vee Jay BUT I DO RUNAWAY Del Shannon Clarence Henry CALENDAR GIRL RUBBER BALL Neil Sedaka RCA Victor Bobby Vee CRYIN' RUNNING SCARED Roy Orbison Roy Orbison Monument Monument DEDICATED TO THE ONE I LOVE SHOP AROUND Miracles Shirelles Scepter DON'T CRY NO MORE Robby Blue Bland STAND BY ME Ben E. King Duke Atco EVERY BEAT OF MY HEART STAY Gladys Knight and the Pips Maurice Williams Vee Jay FOR MY BABY Brook Benton Herald SURRENDER Elvis Presley RCA Victor TAKE GOOD CARE OF MY BABY Mercury REE WHIZ (LOOK AT HIS EYES) Bobby Vee Carla Thomas Atco FYPSY WOMAN Liberty Tossin' and Turnin' The Impressions
ARC-Paramount
HATS OFF TO LARRY Bobby Lewis Beltone TRAVELIN' MAN Del Shannon
Big Top
HE WILL BREAK YOUR HEART Rickey Nelson Imperial TURN ON YOUR LOVE LIGHT Jerry Butler Vee Jay HIDE AWAY Bobby Blue Bland Duke YOU LOVE ME TOMORROW WILL YOU LO The Shirelles Freddie King Federal Scepter HIT THE ROAD, JACK Ray Charles ABC-Paramount I DON'T MIND WOODEN HEAT Joe Dowell Smash YA YA James Brown Lee Dorsey King I KNOW Fur YOU'RE SIXTEEN
Johnny Burnette
Liberty Barbara George **AFO** I LIKE IT LIKE THAT 1962 Chris Kenner Instant I PITY THE FOOL Bobby Blue Bland BIG GIRLS DON'T CRY The Four Seasons Duke IT'S GONNA WORK OUT FINE BREAKING UP IS HARD TO DO Ike and Tina Turner Neil Sedaka RCA Victor BRING IT ON HOME TO ME Sam Cooke RCA Victor JUST GOT TO KNOW Jimmy McCracklin Art-Tone LAST NIGHT The Mar-Keys CAN'T HELP FALLING IN LOVE Elvis Presley RCA Victor Satellite LET THE WINDS BLOW Fats Domino DEAR LADY TWIST Gary U.S. Bonds Laurie Imperial LOST SOMEONE James Brown DO YOU LOVE ME? King MAM SAID The Contours Gordy The Shirelles DON'T PLAY THAT SONG (YOU LIED) Scepter Ben E. King MOTHER-IN-LAW Atco Ernie K. Doe THE DUKE OF EARL Minit Gene Chandler MOUNTAIN'S HIGH Vee Jay Dick & Deedee GOOD LUCK CHARM Liberty Elvis Presley RCA Victor MY TRUE STORY
The Jive Five GOODBYE CRUEL WORLD Beltone NEW ORLEANS U.S. Bonds James Darren (Continued on page 54) Legrand

(Continued from page 52)

Enjoy

GREEN ONIONS Booker T. and the MG's

HEY BABY Pruce Channel

Smash I CAN'T STOP LOVING YOU

Ray Charles

ABC-Paramount

I KNOW Barbara George

AFO

I NEED YOUR LOVIN' Don Gardner, Dee Dee Ford

Fire

LIE TO ME Brook Benton

Mercury

LOCO-MOTION Little Eva

Dimension

MASHED POTATO TIME Deedee Sharp Cameo

MONSTER MASH **Bobby Pickett** Garpax

NOTHING CAN CHANGE HIS LOVE

Sam Cooke RCA Victor

THE ONE WHO REALLY LOVES YOU Mary Wells Motown

PATCHES

Dickey Lee Smash PALISADES PARK

PARTY LIGHTS Claudine Clark Chancellor PEPPERMINT TWIST Joey Dee & Starlighters

Freddy Cannon

Swan

Roulette PLEASE MR. POSTMAN Marvelettes Tamla

POOR FOOL Ike and Tina Turner Sue

RELEASE ME

Little Esther Phillips Lenox ROSES ARE RED Bobby Vinton

Epic RUN TO HIM Bobby Vee

Liberty SEALED WITH A KISS Brian Hyland **ABC-Paramount**

SHE CRIED Jay & the Americans UA

SHERRY

Four Seasons Vee Jay SNAP YOUR FINGERS

Joe Henderson Todd SOLDIER BOY

The Shirelles Scepter SOMEBODY HAVE MERCY Sam Cooke RCA Victor

Argo

SOMETHING'S GOT A HOLD ON ME Etta James

SOUL TWIST King Curtis

STORMY MONDAY Bobby Blue Bland

SURFIN' SAFARI Beach Boys Capitol THE LION SLEEPS TONIGHT

RCA Victor THE TWIST Chubby Checker

Parkway TOWN WITHOUT PITY Gene Pitney

Musicor TUFF Ace Cannon Hi

TWIST AND SHOUT The Isley Brothers Wand TWISTIN' THE NIGHT AWAY Sam Cooke RCA Victor

TWO LOVERS Mary Wells Motown THE WANDERER

Laurie YOU ARE MY SUNSHINE Ray Charles ABC-Paramount YOU BEAT ME TO THE PIINCH Mary Wells

Motown YOU DON'T KNOW ME Ray Charles ABC-Paramount YOU'LL LOSE A GOOD THING Barbara Lynn Jamie

Marks to Radnor PHILADELPHIA - Singercomic Guy Marks has signed a

pact with Radnor Records. First record is "Blossom Dear" backed with "I Told." The disk, produced and arranged by Pete De Angelis, has

heavy M.O.R. appeal with "Blossom Dear" expected to get C&W and contemporary play as well.

Spirit to Europe

Spirit, the Topanga Canyon band, will make their first European tour this month. The three-week tour, which

will include concert and club appearances in England, Holland, Belgium, Germany, Denmark, France and Sweden, will be kicked off Jan. 22 with a press reception at the Speak-

easy Club in London, hosted by

CBS Records.

By BOB MOORE MERLIS

NEW YORK—Much of the energy and interest in the current exposure of classic rock and roll music is a result of the efforts of Rich Nader.

Nader presented the first Rock and Roll Revival Program at Madison Square Garden Oct. 18 and volume two of the show was staged Nov. 29. To the surprise of many, but not to Nader, both shows sold out.

Other recent activities of Nader and company (Music Production Consultants, Inc.) have included bringing Bill Haley and the Comets to the Bitter End for a week's engagement. During that week, a live album, produced by Nader, was cut with Bill and the Comets (two of whom have been with him for over 15 years) and will be released in the near future on Kama Sutra. The record is called "The Bill Haley Scrapbook" and will feature all of his big hits.

On the Rock Revival front, a national tour for the Rock Revival package is scheduled to start March 20. Among the cities to be covered are Pittsburgh, Tampa, Detroit, Baltimore, Philadelphia, plus several colleges. The show features Chuck Berry, Bill Haley & the

Richard Nader

Rock & Roll Revival: Professionalism Revisited

Comets, Bo Diddley the Coasters, the Shirelles and the Drifters alternating dates with Jackie Wilson, the Five Satins, the Penguins and Gary U.S. Bonds.

Nader says that he is "fed up with the lack of professionalism exhibited by many of today's groups." He views today's groups as "cooking for themselves, creating a barrier between the audience and the show." He feels that some of this lost professionalism is brought back by the stellar performances provided by the artists presented in the Rock Revival package.

Audience Diverse

Surveys have shown that the audience attracted by old rock is, indeed, a diverse one. At the Madison Square Garden shows, it was determined that

80% of the audience at the early show was under 22; and the remaining 20% was over 22. At late show, these statistics were reversed: 80% over 22 and 20% under. As he sees it, "The music really gets people together." He credits this to the fact that the six or seven acts he presents represents between 30 and 40 million record sales.

Nader feels that popular music is in a vacuum now which is comparable to the early '60s: between the Twist and the Beatles. He sees Woodstock as a plateau for progressive music and feels that both the artists and public are looking for new directions. Concurrent with this search for new directions is a reexamination of what went before: the roots of rock and roll.

The Rock Revival shows are

not a slapped-together package. They are carefully timed out to exactly two hours; the m.c. is provided with a script which emphasizes the contributions the performers have made to music and the concept has proven to be in no way demeaning for the performers while being lots of fun for the public. The show is preceded with a promotional kit which includes 50 albums from Roulette. Buddah and Original Sound: advertising mats with the revival logo, hit lists of all the acts, photos and biographies.

Oldies but Goodies contests are arranged on local stations, the prizes from which are tickets to the Rock Revival show. Nader has found stations fighting to get the package as they feel identification with the oldies gives them more depth.

Nader is also producing shows which are underwritten by major advertisers. Advertisers are attracted to the package as a means of reaching many more people in a different way and as a supplement to established media. When an advertiser underwrites a show, ticket prices are kept low and good will is instantly created.

(Continued on page 64)

Nader/Rock

(Continued from page 41)
Negotiations are currently un-

der way with 17 major advertisers and several city governments who are interested in sponsoring from one-day festivals to twenty city tour. Rich Nader is also involved

in some other unique ventures in the music industry. Planning is now under way for the Rock and Roll Hall of Fame which is expected to provide some of the first really big music news of the '70s.

Nader is also consultant to two major airlines who are developing branches within their organizations which will exclusively handle performers and associated people in the music industry. Such areas as

music industry. Such areas as timetables, publicity, equipment handling and rapid removal of performers and equipment through the use of special tags and packaging are some of the aspects of the planning now under way.

The Rock and Roll Revival

package is just one of the fields of interest of Rich Nader and Music Production Consultants which is in business to apply knowledge of the music industry to other industries like

advertising and transportation.

Buddah Rock Revival Pioneers

"The difference between fads and the establishment of new musical categories lies in public acceptance," said Buddah Records Vice President Neil Bogart in reviewing the rock and roll revival campaign that the company has spearheaded.

"Presenting the public with a form of music that is not currently available to them and making them aware that it is then available combined with the encouragement and exploitation of this acceptance is the essence of what any record company can do in presenting product, especially a new music, to the country," said Bogart.

"Convinced that the happy, good time sound of rock and roll is something which has been absent from the charts for too long, we attempted to present this form of music to the public and to make them aware of it as a musical category that they had been ignoring. I think that the success we have had with Sha Na Na, the Tokens, Lou Christie and our First Generation album series indicates that the first phase of the rock and roll revival has become a success," he went on.

Bogart emphasized that despite the quarter of a million dollars that Buddah has already invested in the rock and roll revival campaign, only the co-operation between a number of record companies has made the establishment of rock and roll as a new musical category pos-sible. "If Sha Na NA had gone it alone, then any success they would have had could have been termed a fad. But, with Sha Na Na, NRBQ, Cat Mother and the All Night Newsboys, and the great number of other contemporary artists who have taken to playing rock and roll, and with the success of these artists, I believe that rock and roll has become fixed in the public's mind as a musical form to be bought and enjoyed."

Simultaneous with the preparation and release of the First Generation album series which included artists of the caliber of Little Richard, Joe Simon, Jimmy Clanton, Jerry Butler, Billy Preston, the Dells, Frankie Ford and Chris Kenner, Buddah began their drive to establish rock and roll on the marketplace with Sha Na Na. A former Columbia University singing group, the band soon found favor in the progressive rock market for their lovingly humorous approach to the sound and the look of the '50s. Following Sha Na Na, Buddah continued presenting artists who had made the '50s happen—the Isley Brothers, the Tokens, Lou Christie and, with the release of his first album in many years this month, Bill Haley and the Comets.

Sought Contemporary Manner

Incorporating promotions that ran from First Generation wall charts to Sha Na Na's Rock and Roll Revival Kit to The Rock and Roll Scavenger Hunt, Buddah sought to bring the music of rock and roll to the public in a contemporary, enjoyable manner that didn't smack of oldies but goodies.

Said Richard Robinson, who co-ordinated the release of the First Generation series and the John Sebastian Songbook for Buddah, "Audiences began to accept entertainers who weren't out of the current rock mold. Artists like Ike and Tina Turner, B. B. King, Albert King and Bill Haley were suddenly able to enjoy the spotlight that, at the beginnings of progressive rock, was reserved only for young, new groups.

"When record companies became aware of this trend toward the re-introduction of artists of the '50s onto the current scene, the rock revival began in earnest. The very nature of the present rock scene as theater, cultural event, and music made the rock and roll revival possible."

'Swamp Music' Coming

Emphasizing that no one record company could have brought this renewed interest in old artists about, Neil Bogart forecast three forms of rock music during the early '70s. "Naturally hard, atmospheric rock will continue," said Bogart, "but hand in hand with it will be rock and roll music and what Atlantic Vice President Jerry Wexler calls 'swamp music.' Thus we will be able to have a Blood, Sweat and Tears, Ronnie Hawkins and Bill Haley appealing to the same audience and playing side by side. I don't think one form will dominate the others, although I feel that the trend toward emotional music away from the overintellectualization of rock that has occurred during the past few years is a possibility."

With the release of the first Bill Haley album, Buddah will begin the second portion of their rock and roll revival cam-

paign. "As with any record Bogart. product, the important factor is Buddah's immediate plans call for renewed promotion of airplay. A company can tell the world through advertising and Sha Na Na in preparation for the group's second album, a promotion that something new is happening, but unless they huge campaign to make the have airplay to back it up nothpublic aware that Bill Haley is once again available to them, ing will happen. The Tokens and Lou Christie are presently and promotion of the Tokens on the singles charts, Sha Na as well as the preparation of Na is selling albums and Bill more First Generation albums. "Rock and roll is the new Haley will do the same. Again I must emphasize that this commusic of the new rock audibined with the chart success of ence. I firmly believe that it artists like NRBQ and Cat will become as much apart of Mother have made rock and roll what is happening as hard rock something a new audience, who if the present effort to promote weren't old enough to hear the it and make it available conoriginals, is enjoying and buytinues. And we intend to coning for the first time," opined tinue it," vowed Bogart.

Rock Around The Calendar



Some of the pace-setting, all time rock and roll giants: Alan Freed; the Drifters, with Ben E. King; Frankie Lyman and the Teenagers; Roy Orbison; Billy Grammer; the Clef-Tones; Brook Benton; Jimmy Clanton; Anthony and the Imperials; Rick Nelson; Frankie Avalon; and Fabian.

Roulette All Out On Rock & Roll Revival

Kirshen Tell Plans

NEW YORK—Roulette Records, an acknowledged pioneer in the associated fields of rock and roll and oldies, is preparing an impressive program to capitalize on the current rock revival trend.

Sonny Kirshen, Roulette's Director of National Sales and

Marketing, says, "Rock and roll is where it all started for Roulette," and backs up that assertion with the forthcoming (early February) release of two re-packs of Alan Freed "Memory Lane" Oldies albums. Kirshen emphasizes that these albums are, in effect, not re-packagings but authentic replicas of the original LPs. The albums will not be re-processed for stereo and will be available in the original mono only. Kirshen states that the Freed albums will be "the records the way they actually were" when first released. The albums will be out on the classic End label (as were the originals); the only package differences will be the addition of the Roulette logo and a "belly band" which states "This Is Where It All Started—Roulette Records."

Recently, Roulette has been receiving a steady stream of correspondence from the record-buying public inquiring as to the availability of the label's rock and roll product. Roulette's oldies thrust is, therefore, a response to great consumer demand. One of the most requested artists is Ronnie Hawkins whose performances with the group now known as the Band are legend among devotees of vintage rock and roll. Roulette will offer a "Best of Ronnie Hawkins" album to be released in the near future. The success of this product is almost guaranteed by the advance public demand.

Other fronts on the rock revival scene for the label include a tie-in with Rich Nader's Rock and Roll Revival shows. Roulette is promoting the nationwide and Canadian tour of the show with its series of nineteen volumes of the "Gool den Goodies" series. Radio stations are being provided with the product for preparatory airplay for the show and the series is featured in the show's program.

Currently there are 75 singles in the label's Golden Goodie lineup which have always been

strong sellers. Kirshen sees juke box operators as a prime user of this product. "Operators are hungry for this type of product; they gobble up these rock and roll oldies with very good acceptance."

Roulette has enjoyed great

success with the re-release of the Chantels' single of "Maybe." Interest in the disk has been generated by a Janis Joplin re-make of the song.

In the future there will probably be a release of a "Best of the Flamingos" package as well as other albums. Kirshen sees the year ahead thusly:
"We are looking forward to

"We are looking forward to 1970 as a year of a large volume of business for our rock and roll product." Roulette is a position of strength in the rock and roll field due to the traditional emphasis on this type of product by the label and, consequently, asserts Kirshen, "We're sitting on dynamite tapes of dynamite acts."

Other product in the rock

Other product in the rock and roll vein, though not by artists of the past, is also of concern to Roulette. A recently released single by Geraldine Hunt, "Never Never Leave Me," is in the old rhythm and blues style.

The future of Roulette in the rock and roll field looks as bright as it always has. Sonny Kirshen feels it may be brighter this year due to the fact that "Things that were happening in the '50s are now happening in the '70s."

Cap Releases 'Super Oldies'

HOLLYWOOD — Capitol is re-releasing 40 singles in its Starline series titled "Super Oldies."

These 45-RPM records are being made available in view of the revived interest in the hits of yesteryear. Release is set for Jan. 26.

A special counter merchan-

A special counter merchandiser, equipped with divider cards, has been designed to hold as many as 130 of these "Super Oldies." The program will be supported with trade publication advertising and numerous in-store displays.

The "Super Oldies" package includes the Beach Boys' "Good Vibrations," the Seekers' "Georgy Girl," Kyu Sakamoto's "Sukiyaki," Peter and Gordon's "Woman," the Band's "The Weight," the Lettermen's "Goin' Out Of My Head," etc.

Rock And Roll Forever

By JIM PEWTER

Today's revival of the early rock and blues music by the record buying public supports my belief that the pure music of the '50s would sustain.

Being an avid collector of rock and blues disks for the past 15 years gave me a good background for my oldies AF-KN show in Korea where I was stationed in 1965. I played oldies from 6 pm to midnight. Richard Nader, the promoter of rock and roll revival shows today, was a jock in playing oldies from midnight to 4 a.m. at that time. One of our listeners and frequent visitors to the station was Pete Johnson, who later went on to write the "History of Rock & Roll" for KHJ Radio in Los Angeles.

After my hitch in the service was up I left Korea and returned to Los Angeles to continue the rock oldies show for the Armed Forces Radio and TV Network. "The Jim Pewter Rock Oldies Show" is heard over 300 radio outlets in 29 countries in Europe and Far East. the The network show was a success at outset. Letters for requests began ariving from all over the world acknowledging the popularity of the oldies I was playing. The artists that I featured were Bill Haley and the Comets, Richard, Buddy and the Crickets, 5 Satins, Fats Domino, Chuck Berry, Ike & Tina Turner, Bo Diddley, Jack Scott, Everly Bros., Jerry Lee Lewis, Eddie Cochran, Shirelles, Elvis Presley, Danny & the Juniors and many more of my favorites.

Live interviews with Little Richard, Tina Turner, Rick Nelson, Ray Charles, Brian Wilson, Sandy Nelson, Freddy Cannon, etc., were appreciated by the rock buffs around the world.

It took only one year for these rock-oldies to catch on before the Rock Revival began to spread throughout Europe, and the past hits of Buddy Holly, Eddie Cochran, Bill Haley, Little Richard and Larry Williams began to sell and receive European chart action once again.

It took another two years for this to spread to the states, and with it a dream which Richard Nader and I shared in Korea became a reality. In October, 1969, Nader packaged the pioneers of rock for a live concert at the Felt Forum, Madison Square Garden. the surprise of many it was a sell-out. The entire show was dedicated to Alan Freed, the pioneer of rock. Watching the young music enthusiasts today screaming and rocking the aisles brought back many pleasant memories. I remembered all the backstage interviews with the late Alan Freed and his rock stars for my high school paper . . . waiting in line for hours to see Bill Haley and the Comets at the Prom Ballroom in St. Paul, Minn. . . . rapping with Buddy Holly over Cokes one night and laughing while he and Dion flipped a coin to see who would have to take a train back the next day because there was only room for three passengers in the light plane—not knowing that the loser would be the winner. Buddy, Ritchie Valens and the Big Bopper (J. P. Richardson) were killed the next day when their plane crashed.

Brought Him to Forever

The revival of rock & roll in the states brought me to Forever Records, a division of Century City Music where I convinced Prexy Norm Skolnik of the potential sales of oldies and he subsequently hired me to repackage them for sale in the record shops. Our first albums, "Rock and Roll Forever. Vol. I" and "Jim Pewter's 21 Picks From The Past." were received with great enthusiasm by the distributors and the reorders started coming in just two weeks after the initial shipment. Soon to be released are "Forever Gold Groups Vols. I & II," "Forever Blues-Vol. I" and "Forever Country-Vol. I"all original past hits. Thanks, Bill Haley, Elvis, Chuck Berry, Fats, Jerry Lee, Bo, Rick and friends for making it all possible.